APPENDIX I

STATUTES INVOLVED

1. Internal Revenue Code, Section 141.

"(a) *Privilege to file consolidated income and excess-profits-tax returns.* An affiliated group of corporations shall, subject to the provisions of this section, have the privilege of making consolidated income and excess-profits-tax returns for the taxable year in lieu of separate returns. The making of consolidated returns shall be upon the condition that the affiliated group shall make both a consolidated income-tax return and a consolidated excess-profits-tax return for the taxable year, and that all corporations which at any time during the taxable year have been members of the affiliated group making a consolidated income-tax return consent to all the consolidated income- and excess-profits-tax regulations prescribed under subsection (b) prior to the last day prescribed by law for the filing of such return. The making of a consolidated income-tax return shall be considered as such consent. In the case of a corporation which is a member of the affiliated group for a fractional part of the year, the consolidated returns shall include the income of such corporation for such part of the year as it is a member of the affiliated group. * * *

"(b) *Regulations.* The Commissioner, with the approval of the Secretary, shall prescribe such regulations as he may deem necessary in order that the tax liability of any affiliated group of corporations making consolidated income- and excess-profits-tax returns and of each corporation in the group, both during and after the period of affiliation, may be returned, determined, computed, assessed, collected, and adjusted, in such manner as clearly to reflect the income- and excess-profits-tax liability and the various factors necessary for the determination of such liability, and in order to prevent avoidance of such tax liability. * * *

"(c) *Computation and payment of tax.* In any case in which consolidated income-tax and excess-profits-tax returns are made or are required to be made, the taxes shall be determined, computed, assessed, collected, and adjusted in accordance with the regulations under subsection (b) prescribed prior to the last day prescribed by law for the filing of such returns; except that the tax imposed under section 15 or section 204 shall be increased by 2 per centum of the consolidated corporation surtax net income of the affiliated group of includible corporations. * * *

"(d) *Definition of 'affiliated group'.* As used in this section, an 'affiliated group' means one or more chains of includible corporations connected through stock ownership with a common parent corporation which is an includible corporation if—

"(1) Stock possessing at least 95 per centum of the voting power of all classes of stock and at least 95 per centum of each class of the nonvoting stock of each of the includible corporations (except the common parent corporation) is owned directly by one or more of the other includible corporations; and

"(2) The common parent corporation owns directly stock possessing at least 95 per centum of the voting power of all classes of stock and at least 95 per centum of each class of the nonvoting stock of at least one of the other includible corporations.

"As used in this subsection, the term 'stock' does not include nonvoting stock which is limited and preferred as to dividends.

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2. Internal Revenue Code, Section 730.

Relating to excess profits tax, this is similar to Section 141.

3. Internal Revenue Code, Section 23.

"*Deductions from gross income.* In computing net income there shall be allowed as deductions:

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"(g)(2) *Securities becoming worthless.* If any securities (as defined in paragraph (3) of this subsection) become worthless during the taxable year and are capital assets, the loss resulting therefrom shall, for the purposes of this chapter, be considered as a loss from the sale or exchange, on the last day of such taxable year, of capital assets.

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"(4) *Stock in affiliated corporations.* For the purposes of paragraph (2) stock in a corporation affiliated with the taxpayer shall not be deemed a capital asset. For the purposes of this paragraph a corporation shall be deemed to be affiliated with the taxpayer only if:

"(A) At least 95 per centum of each class of its stock is owned directly by the taxpayer; and"

4. Internal Revenue Code, Section 52.

"* * * In cases where receivers, trustees in bankruptcy, or assignees are operating the property or business of corporations, such receivers, trustees, or assignees shall make returns for such corporations in the same manner and form as corporations are required to make returns. Any tax due on the basis of such returns made by receivers, trustees, or assignees shall be collected in the same manner as if collected from the corporations of whose business or property they have custody and control."

5. Bankruptcy Act, Section 77, subd. f (Act of July 1, 1898, as amended, 49 Stat. 911; 11 U.S.C., Sec. 205(f)):

"* * * The property dealt with by the plan, when transferred and conveyed to the debtor or to the other corporation or corporations provided for by the plan, or when retained by the debtor pursuant to the plan, shall be free and clear of all claims of the debtor, its stockholders and creditors, and the debtor shall be discharged from its debts and liabilities, except such as may consistently with the provisions of the plan be reserved in the order confirming the plan or directing such transfer and conveyance or

retention, and the judge may require the trustee or trustees appointed hereunder, the debtor, any mortgagee, the trustee of any obligation of the debtor, and all other proper and necessary parties, to make any such transfer or conveyance, and may require the debtor to join in any such transfer or conveyance made by the trustee or trustees. Upon the termination of the proceedings a final decree shall be entered discharging the trustee or trustees, and making such provisions as may be equitable, by way of injunction or otherwise, and closing the case."

6. R.C.P., Rule 52(a).

"In all actions tried upon the facts without a jury, the court shall find the facts specially and state separately its conclusions of law thereon and direct the entry of the appropriate judgment; * * *"

7. Treasury Regulation 104.

"Sec. 23.1. *Privilege of Making Consolidated Returns.*

"(a) Sections 141 and 152, as amended, give to the corporations of an affiliated group the privilege of making a consolidated return for the taxable year in lieu of separate returns. This privilege is given, however, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1941, upon the condition that all corporations which have been members of the affiliated group at any time during the taxable year for which the return is made consent to these regulations, and any amendments thereof duly prescribed prior to the last day prescribed by law for the filing of the return; and the making of the consolidated return is considered as such consent. * * *"

Sec. 23.15(b): *Liability of a Corporation in Bankruptcy or Receivership.*

"If, at the time of filing a consolidated return, one or more, but not all, of the members of the affiliated group are in bankruptcy under the laws of the United States or in receivership in any court of the United States or of any State, Territory, or the

District of Columbia, then the liability under paragraph (a) of each such member of the group with respect to the period covered by such return shall not exceed such portion of the consolidated tax liability for such period as the several corporations included in the consolidated return may, subject to the approval of the Commissioner, agree upon, or, in the absence of such an agreement, an amount equal to its liability for such year computed as if a separate return had been filed."

Sec. 23.16(a): *Scope of Agency of Common Parent Corporation.*

"Except as provided in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section—

"The common parent corporation shall be for all purposes, in respect of the tax for the taxable year for which a consolidated return is made or is required, the sole agent, duly authorized to act in its own name in all matters relating to such tax, for each corporation which during any part of such year was a member of the affiliated group. The corporations, other than the common parent, shall not have authority to act for or to represent themselves in any such matter. * * *"

8. Treasury Regulation 109.

Relating to excess profits tax, this is similar to T. R. 104.